

District Health Board Te Poari Hauora ō Waitaha

CORPORATE OFFICE

Level 1 32 Oxford Terrace Christchurch Central **CHRISTCHURCH 8011**

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12 October 2021

9(2)(a)			

RE Official Information Act request CDHB 10716

I refer to your email dated 13 September 2021 requesting the following information under the Official Information Act from Canterbury DHB. Specifically:

• Please provide the full breakdown of the CPAC scoring system (100 points) for orthopaedics.

The CPAC score for orthopaedics is 50/100. Triaging undertaken in Orthopaedics is carried out for each sub speciality by an orthopaedic surgeon from that subspecialty. The triaging is supported by either a nurse, a physio or a podiatrist alongside the surgeon of the subspecialty.

We implement the National Elective Medical Services Prioritisation Tool – Orthopaedics. (Please refer to **Appendix 1 attached**).

Please note that this response, or an edited version of this response, may be published on the Canterbury DHB website after your receipt of this response.

Yours sincerely

Tracey Maisey Executive Director Planning, Funding & Decision Support

Criteria	Weighting
. Patient-derived impact on life*	
Determined by a patient self-reported questionnaire)	
No significant impact	0
• Minor impact	
Compromised	
Major impact	14.6
Avoids or prevents important activities	17.5
. Frequency	
Number of episodes per year that the condition has an impact)	
· Nil Z	
· Less than monthly	
· Monthly	
· Weekly	
· Daily	10
· Constant	12
. Episode duration	
Time per episode that the condition has an impact)	
nil (has no impact on important activities)	
· minutes	
· hours	8.6
days	9.8
constant	11.2
. Overall duration on impact on life	
no significant impact	0
< 1 year	0.8
≥ 1 year	1.4
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. Risk of deterioration (natural history of disease and condition) a. Significance of deterioration	
low	0
medium	2.2
high	12.1
b. Likelihood of deterioration	1
· low (stable condition unlikely to progress)	0
 medium (gradual and predictable course) 	19
 high (catastrophic, substantial or unpredictable course) 	1.9
high (coust ophic, substantial of an predictable course)	0
Benefit	
a. Degree or quantum (expected or most likely for the proposed treatment)	
 small improvement in symptoms, low impact on risk of deterioration 	0
moderate improvement in symptoms, now impact of risk of deterioration	9.1
large improvement in symptoms, large impact on risk of deterioration	17.3
ange improvement in symptoms, large impact on fisk of detenoration	17.5
b. Likelihood of achieving maximum benefit for this patient	
Considering frailty, comorbidity, procedural complexity, diagnosis and risk of complications)	
	0
low (unlikely to achieve maximum benefit <25%)	
low (unlikely to achieve maximum benefit <25%) medium (possibility to achieve maximum benefit 25-75%)	16

Appendix 1: National Elective Medical Services Prioritisation Tool (Orthopaedics)